Policy Brief <u>S2113</u>: Stop Cruelty to Migrant Children

Karen Guerrero, Samir Khalil, Elizabeth Riley, Fabiana Viteri Ruiz

Social Issue Being Addressed:

• This bill will focus on increasing the health and safety of migrant children and their families in immigration detention centers by treating them with dignity, respect, and care.

Vulnerable/At-Risk Population:

• Migrant children and their families that are being held in detention centers across America.



If Passed:

• If passed, this bill will ensure the health and safety protections for detained children, along with their parents. The bill will also ensure that migrant families remain together.

If Not Passed:

• Children and families detained in immigration centers will be in more danger of being separated from their families and be at-risk for more health concerns and non-sanitary living conditions.

Strengths of Policy:

- Provides thorough legislation that ensures the health and protection of migrant children.
- Provides immigration court improvements that will enable pending cases to be efficiently processed, limiting the amount of time migrant children and their families are detained.
- Provides an adequate system of accountability for the treatment of migrants in detention centers.

Limitations of Policy:

- It does not apply or benefit single adults or to adults without children.
- The policy does not specify who would oversee the annual child welfare trainings.

Historical Context:

 Migrant families are currently housed in overcrowded facilities without access to basic human necessities. Housing conditions are not up to federal standards.



Recommendations to Improve Policy:

- 1. To include single adults and adults without children into the bill who are currently in custody of the United States government.
- 2. Should aim to provide an adequate education for minors living in detention centers
- 3. Increase child welfare training from a 90-minute annual training to a biannual for a total of 180 minutes.
- 4. Child welfare training should be administered by licensed mental health practitioners or social worker.

^{1.} Thomson, H., Thomas, S., Sellstorm, E., & Petticrew, M. (2013). Housing improvements for health and associated socio-economic outcomes. *Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews*, (2). doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD008657.pub2

Stange, M., & Stark, B. (2019). The Ethical and Public Health Implications of Family Separation. The Journal of Law, Medicine & Ethics, 47(2_suppl), 91–94. <u>https://doi.org/10.1177/1073110519857327</u>

^{3.} Thompson, M. (2019). Children at the border: Existing tools for effective advocacy. *Law & Contemporary Problems*, 82(2), 217–242.